



MYSTERIES: The Vanishing Fault – Why Did the Circuit Breaker Trip With No Recorded Fault?

12 February 2026

Emeritus Professor Akhtar Kalam

EIT EMERITUS PROFESSOR

[Watch Webinar Recording Here](#)



About EIT

We are dedicated to ensuring that you receive a world-class education and gain skills that you can immediately implement in the workforce.



Engineering Specialists

EIT is one of the only institutes in the world specializing in Engineering. We deliver professional certificates, diplomas, advanced diplomas, undergraduate and graduate certificates, graduate diplomas, bachelor's and master's degrees, and a Doctorate of Engineering.



Industry Oriented Programs

Our programs are designed by industry experts, ensuring you graduate with cutting-edge skills that are valued by employers. Our program content remains current with rapidly changing technology and industry developments.



World-Class Australia Accredited Education

Our vocational programs and higher education degrees are registered and accredited by the Australian Government. We have programs that are also recognized under three international engineering accords.



Industry Experienced Lecturers

Our lecturers are highly experienced engineers and subject specialists with applied knowledge. The technologies employed by EIT, both online and on-campus, enable us to source our lecturers from a large, global pool of expertise.



Unique Delivery Model

We deliver our programs via a unique delivery methodology that makes use of live and interactive webinars, an international pool of expert lecturers, dedicated learning support officers, and state-of-the-art such as hands-on workshops, remote laboratories, and simulation software.



ECT delivers interactive and online **UK qualifications**. ECT is committed to providing students with a world-class education, where they acquire the knowledge and skills that are applicable and valued in industry.

- Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Industrial Automation
- Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering
- Master of Science (Power System Analysis and Renewable Integration)
- Master of Science (Industrial Automation and Instrumentation Control)

Learn more [here](#).

Registered UK Higher Education Provider | UKPRN: 10089771



ECST delivers a **South African accredited qualification** on-campus. ECST is committed to providing students with a world-class education, where they acquire the knowledge and skills that are applicable and valued in industry.

- Bachelor of Engineering Technology in Electrical Engineering (SAQA 123645)

Learn more [here](#).

The Engineering College of Science and Technology (Pty) Ltd is provisionally registered with the Department of Higher Education and Training until 31/12/2028 as a private higher education institution under the Higher Education Act, 1997. Registration certificate no. 2025/HE07/007.

Disclaimer



The courses and qualifications mentioned in this presentation are offered by separate legal entities operating in different jurisdictions – one in Australia, one in South Africa and one in the United Kingdom. Each entity is subject to its own local regulatory requirements and accreditation standards.

Prospective students should refer to the relevant institution's official website for accurate, up-to-date information specific to their location, including course availability, fees, regulatory status, and enrolment conditions.

- For the Engineering Institute of Technology (EIT) visit: <https://www.eit.edu.au/>
- For the Engineering College of Technology (ECT) visit: <https://www.ect.ac.uk/>
- For the Engineering College of Science and Technology (ECST) visit: <https://www.ecst.ac.za/>

Event Conduct



Please keep discussion lawful and respectful; follow the moderator's directions.
Do not share illegal or abusive content. Recording is not permitted unless authorised.
Breaches may lead to removal.

Introduction – Presenter



Emeritus Professor Akhtar Kalam

Emeritus Professor at Victoria University and EIT.

Academic Director and Chair of the Academic Board - Texila College Australia.

Director of Al-Kalam Educational Solutions.

Editor-in-Chief of AJEEE

Distinguished Professor/Adjunct Faculty in Australia, India, Malaysia and Oman.

He has published over 610 publications in his area of expertise and has written over 29 books.

Supervised 51 postgraduate research students to graduation, including 39 PhD's and 12 MEng's. Currently, 10 postgraduate research students (four PhD students at VU and six DEng students at EIT) are being supervised.

Public, University, and Motivational Lecturer.

Consultant for the electricity supply industries in Australia and overseas.

Assisted in change management plans for Universities and the higher education sector.

Education

The University of Bath, Bath, UK, D.Eng., Electrical Engineering

The University of Oklahoma, Norman, USA, MS, Electrical Engineering

Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh, India, BSc. Eng., Electrical Engineering

St Xavier's College, Calcutta, India, Applied Science

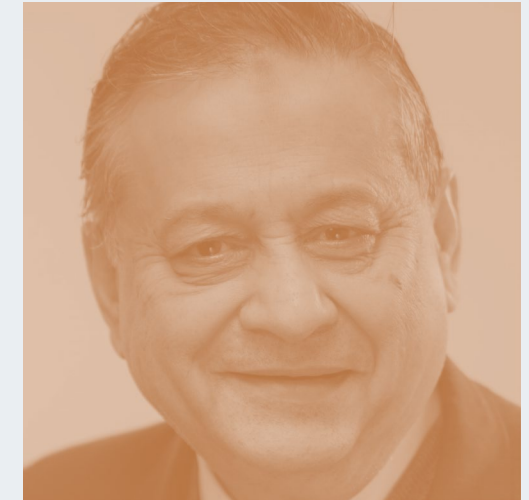
Professional Society Activities

Australian Institute of Energy – Fellow

Engineers Australia – Fellow

The Institution of Engineers and Technology, UK – Fellow.

The Institution of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, USA –Life Senior Member.



“My vision is to provide exciting higher education science and engineering courses, research, consultancy and collaborate in development work of the industry and communities within Australia and beyond.”

Agenda

1	Electrical Engineering Mysteries
2	Learning Objectives
3	Overview
4	Assumptions and various characterisation
5	Engineering Investigations
6	Case Resolution
7	Lessons learnt and CONCLUSION



Why Study Electrical Engineering Mysteries?

- Real systems do not behave like textbooks
- Data is often incomplete or misleading
- Engineers must decide *before* all facts are known
- Safety, reliability, and cost are at stake



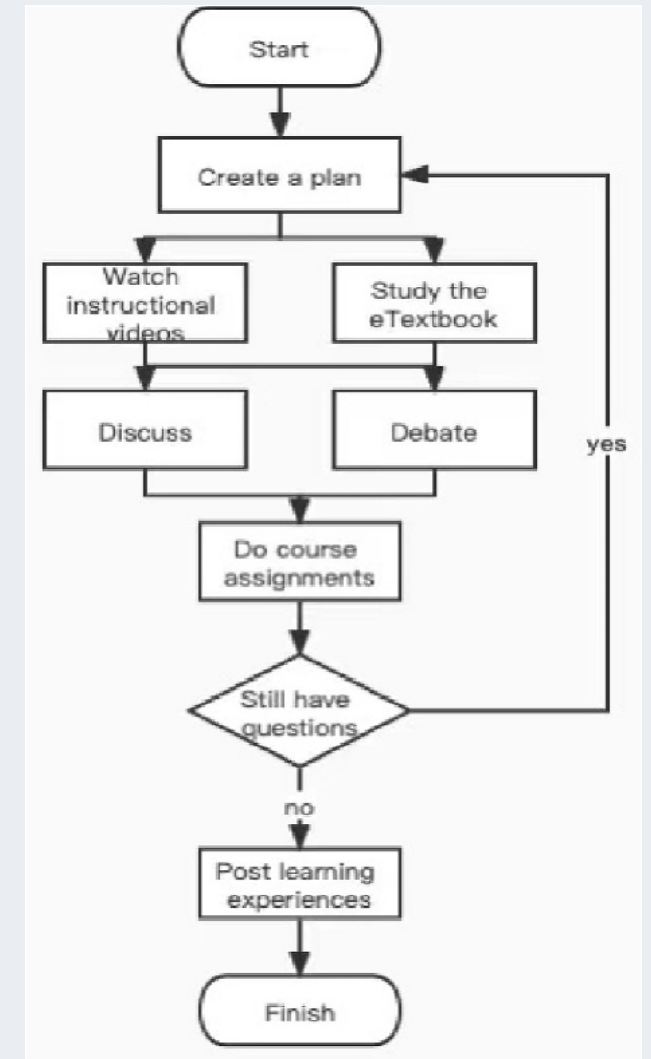
The Engineer as a Detective

- The gap between theoretical models and field reality.
- Importance of Event Records (SER) and Waveform Capture (COMTRADE).
- The "Mystery" framework:
Observation → Hypothesis → Simulation
→ Verification.



Learning Objectives

- Understand unexplained breaker trips
- Analyse relay logic and blind spots
- Investigate DC and auxiliary systems
- Apply professional diagnostic methods

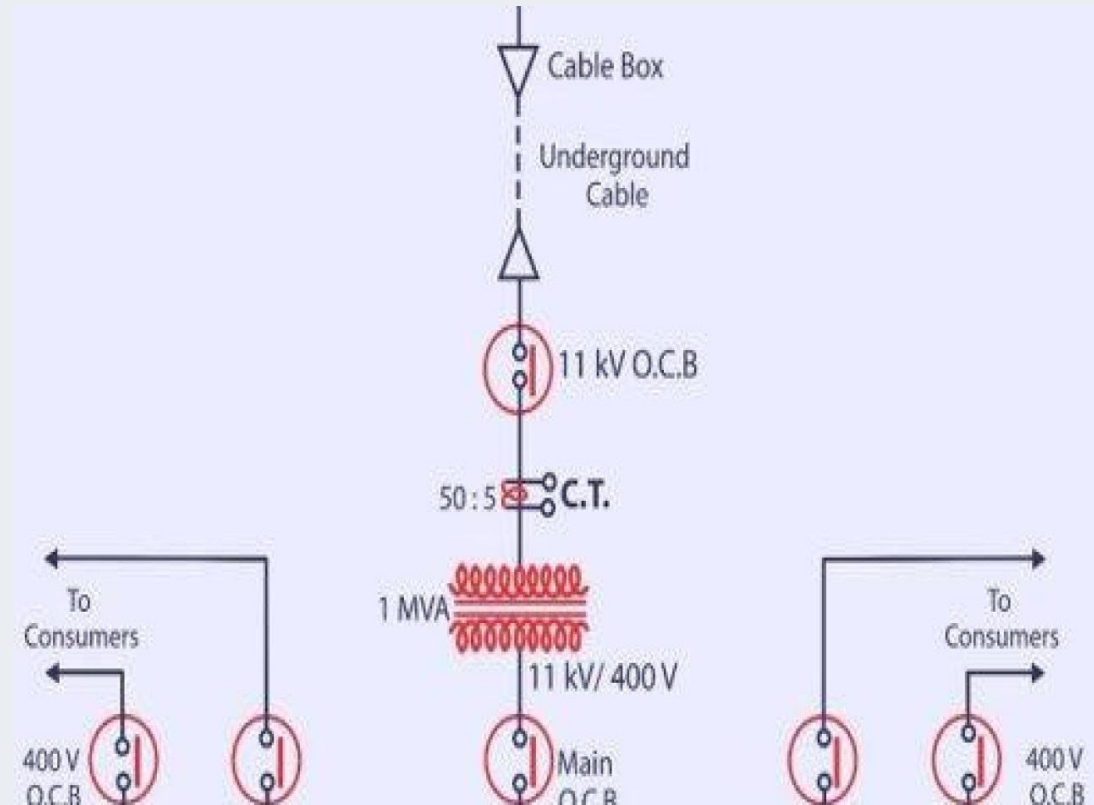


Overview

- Presentation objectives
- Structure of the mystery case
- Why transient faults matter

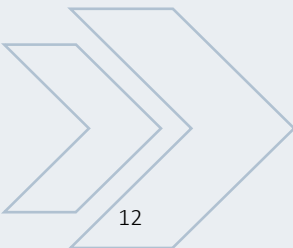
INCIDENT

- ❑ 11 kV industrial feeder tripped unexpectedly
- ❑ No protection relay fault record
- ❑ SCADA logs are normal before and after
- ❑ System restored without issue



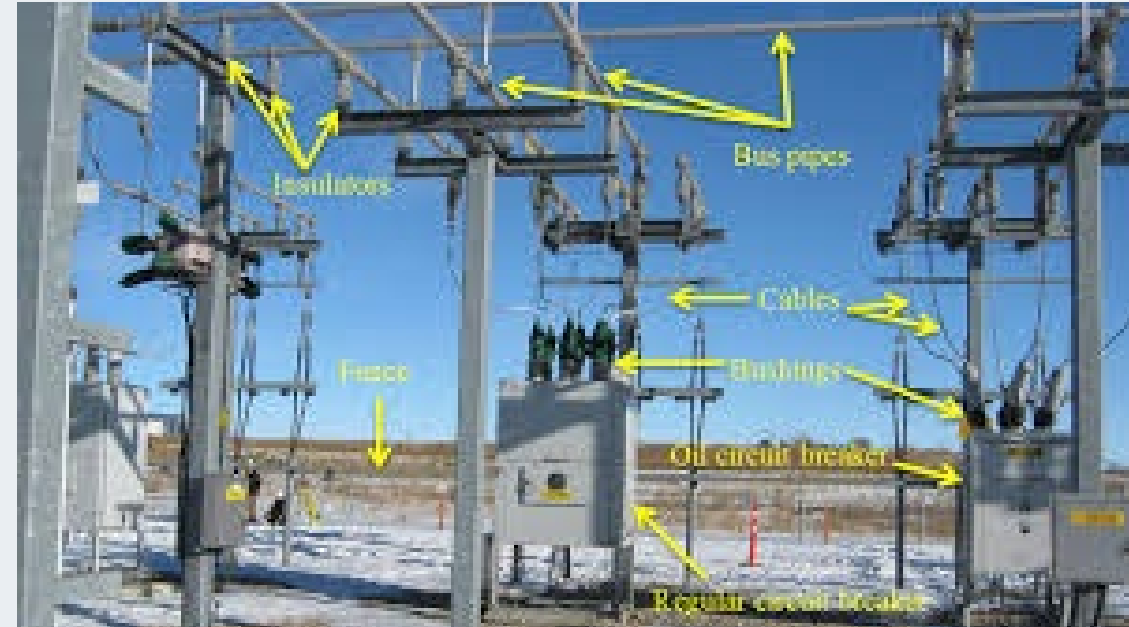
Scene Setting

- Rural feeder network overview
- Circuit breaker type and rating
- Environmental conditions



Why this is a Mystery?

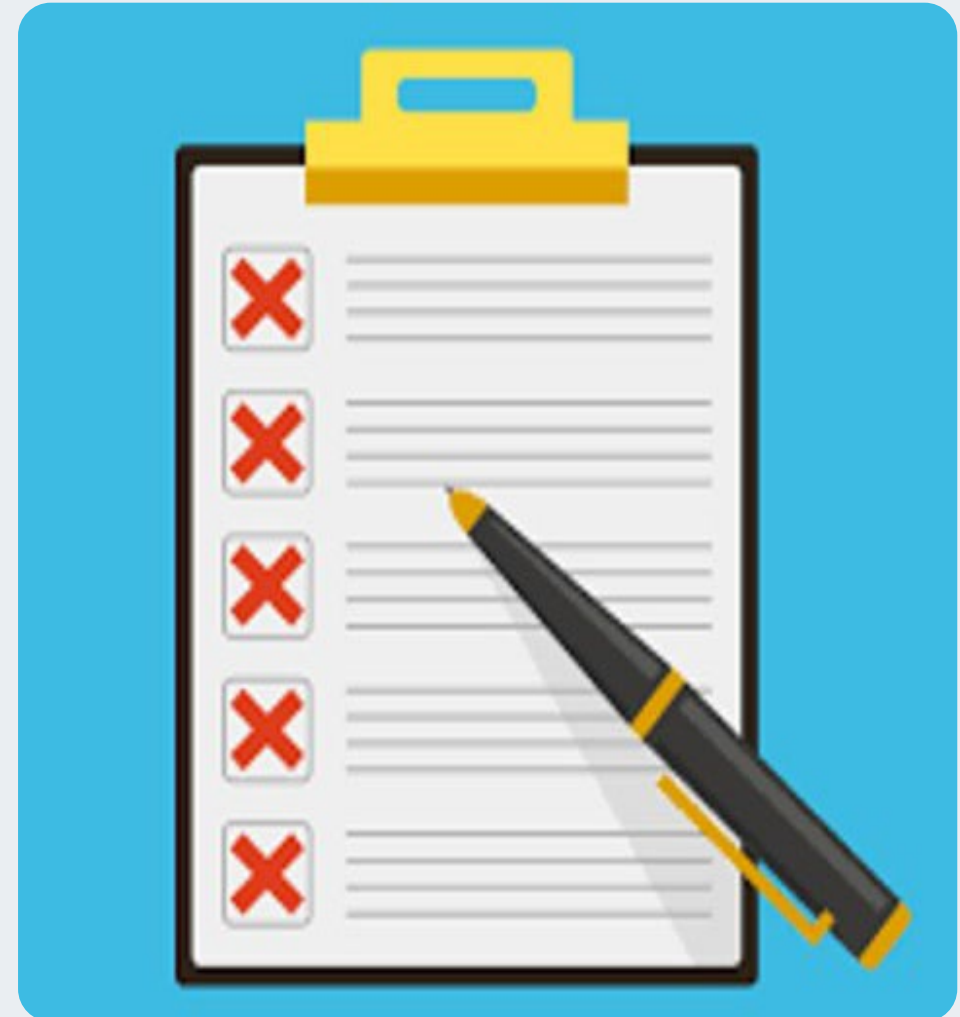
- Random breaker trips
- No sustained short circuit detected
- Operators are unable to replicate the issue



- ❑ Breakers do not trip randomly
- ❑ No recorded overcurrent or earth fault
- ❑ No visible equipment damage
- ❑ Yet the trip was real and disruptive

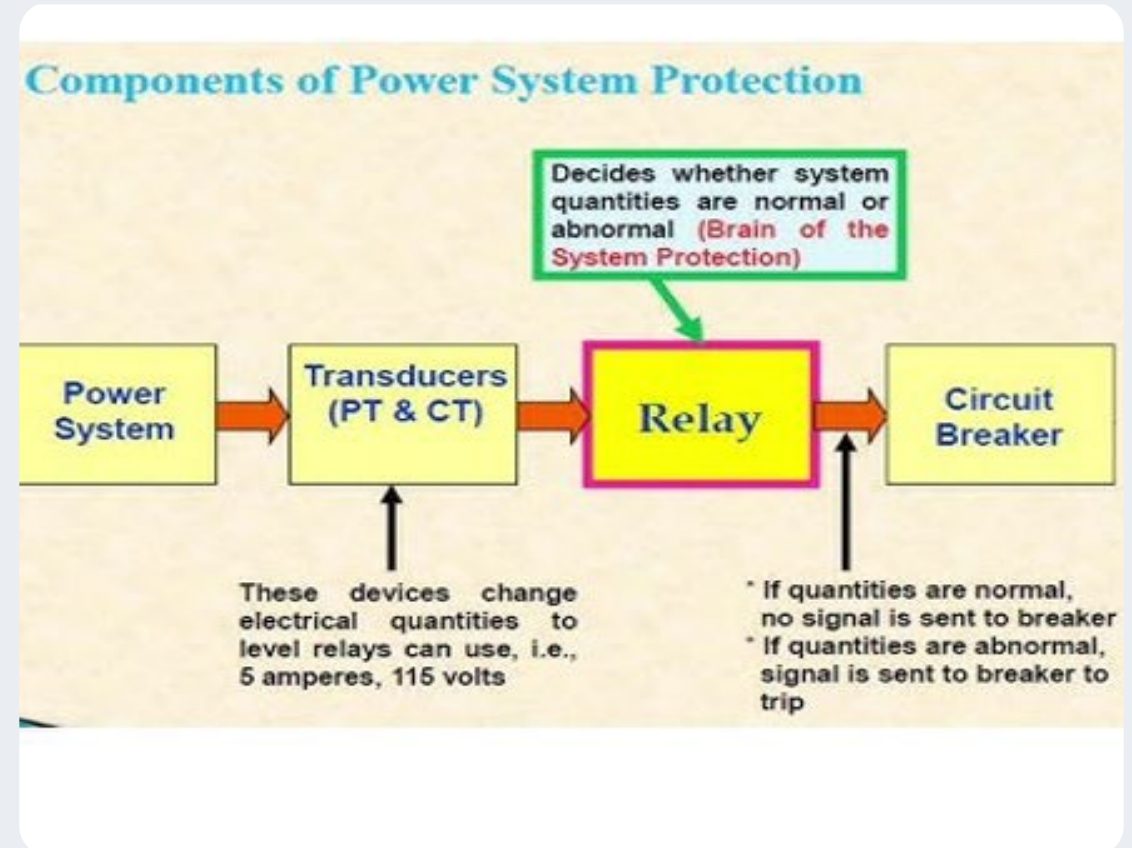
Initial (Often Wrong) Assumptions

- Relay malfunction
- SCADA failure
- Operator error



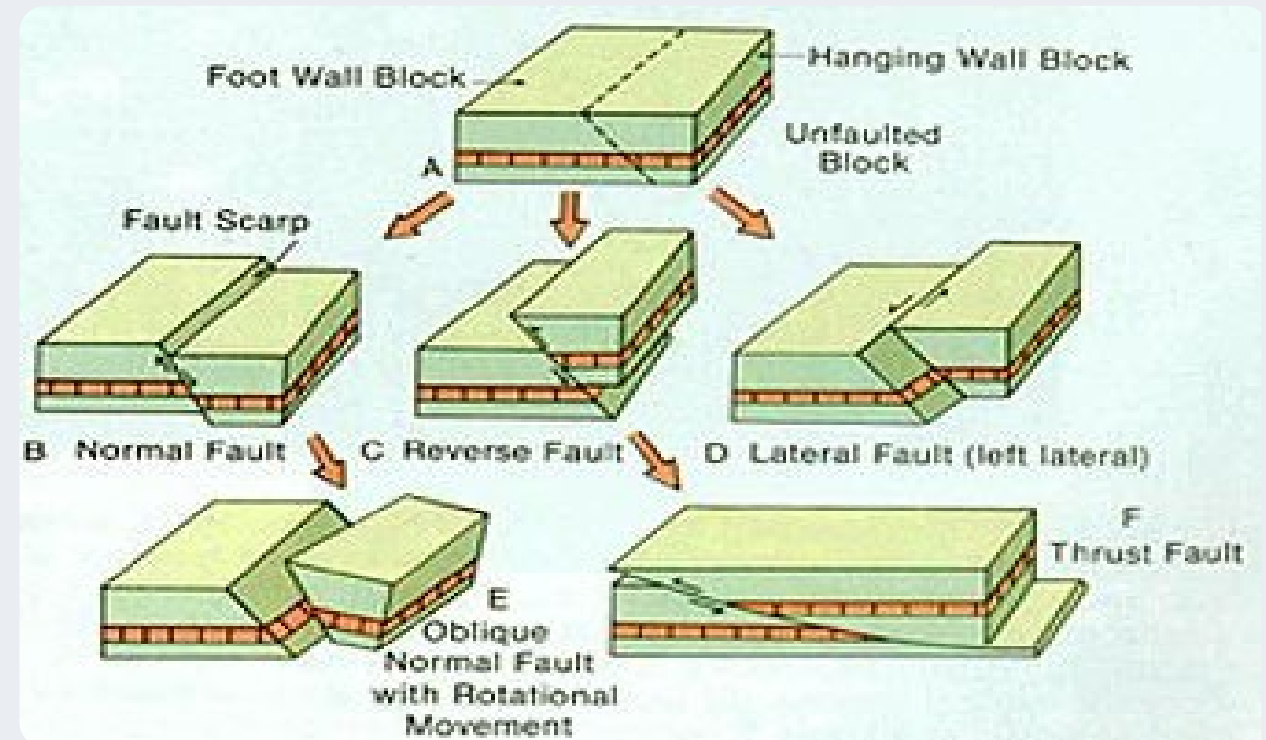
What Protection Relays Actually See

- CT secondary currents
- VT secondary voltages
- Discrete logic at sampling instants
- Threshold-based decisions



Possible Categories of “Vanishing” Faults

- Transient faults
- Intermittent high-impedance faults
- Non-electrical triggers
- Protection system artefacts





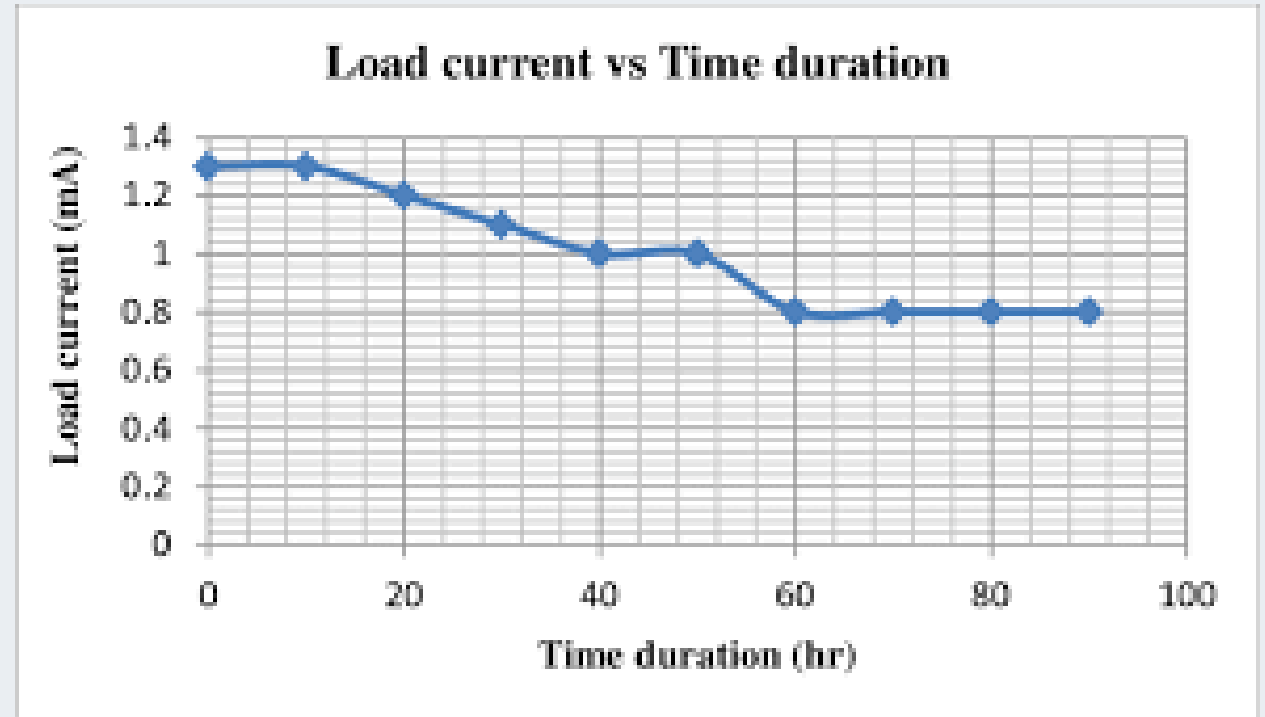
Transient Faults

- Lightning-induced over voltages
- Switching surges
- Momentary insulation breakdown



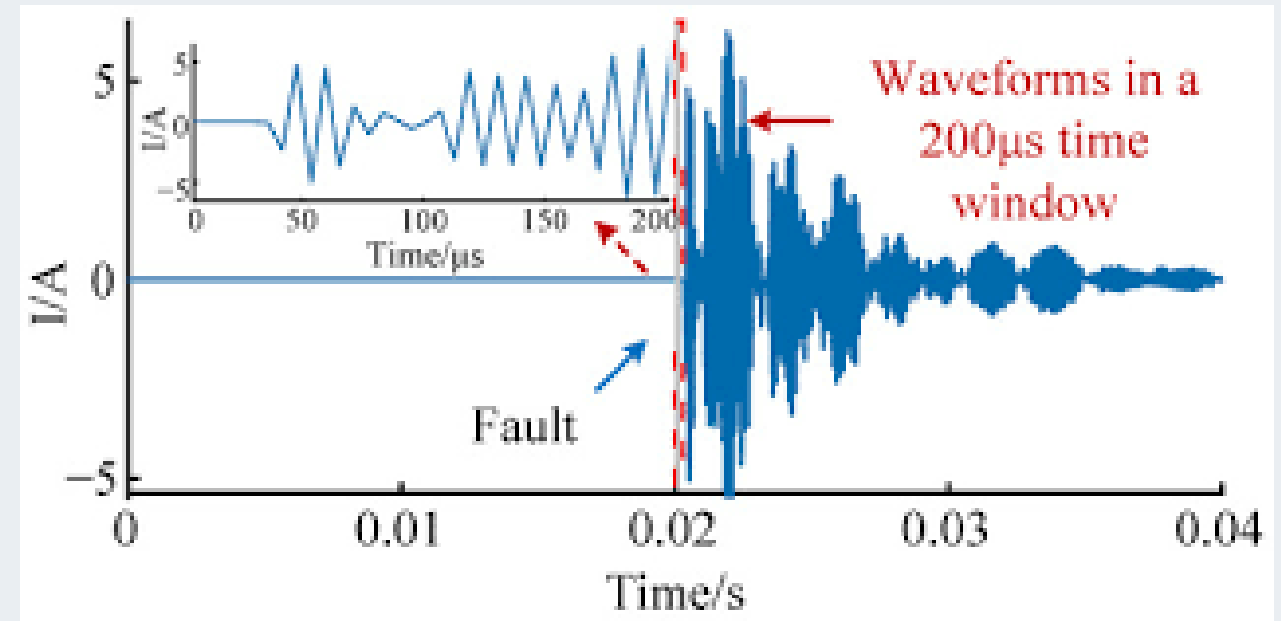
Why Transient Faults Leave No Trace

- Fault duration < relay event window
- Peak current clipped by CT saturation
- Event recorder not triggered



High Impedance Faults

- Definition and impact
- Challenges in detection
- Behaviour under varying load conditions



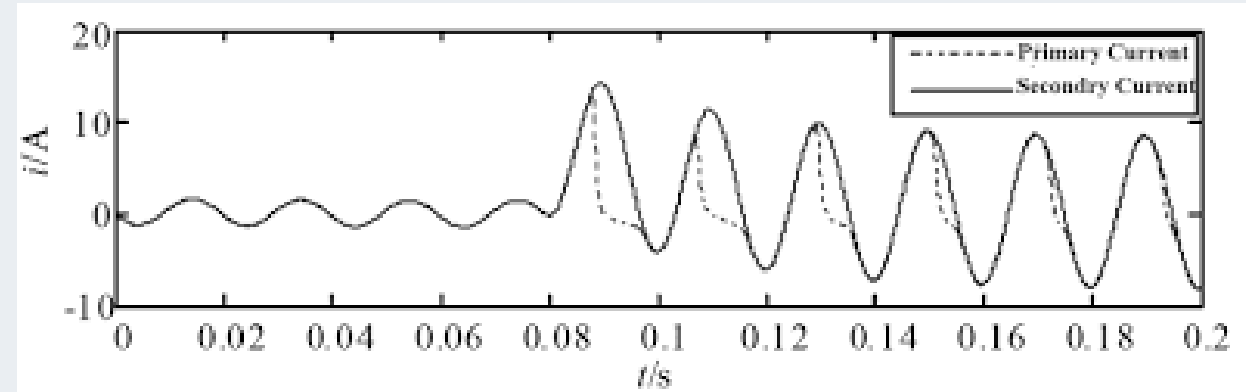
High-Impedance Fault Characteristics

- Low fault current
- Intermittent arcing
- Unstable arcing behaviour
- Often invisible to protection
- Loose connections
- Contaminated insulators
- Carbonised cable terminations



CT Saturation Effects

- High DC offset during faults
- Core saturation limits secondary current
- Relay sees reduced or distorted signal



Breaker Self-Protection Functions

- SF6 / vacuum pressure monitoring
- Spring charging supervision
- Internal pressure monitoring
- Anti-pumping logic



Mechanical and Auxiliary Causes

- Loose control wiring
- Vibration-induced contact bounce
- Auxiliary relay chatter



First Clues

- Logs indicate momentary disturbances
- Protection did not latch as permanent fault
- Vegetation proximity to line



Engineering Investigations

- Transient fault considerations
- Arc-over potential
- Wind-induced conductor movement

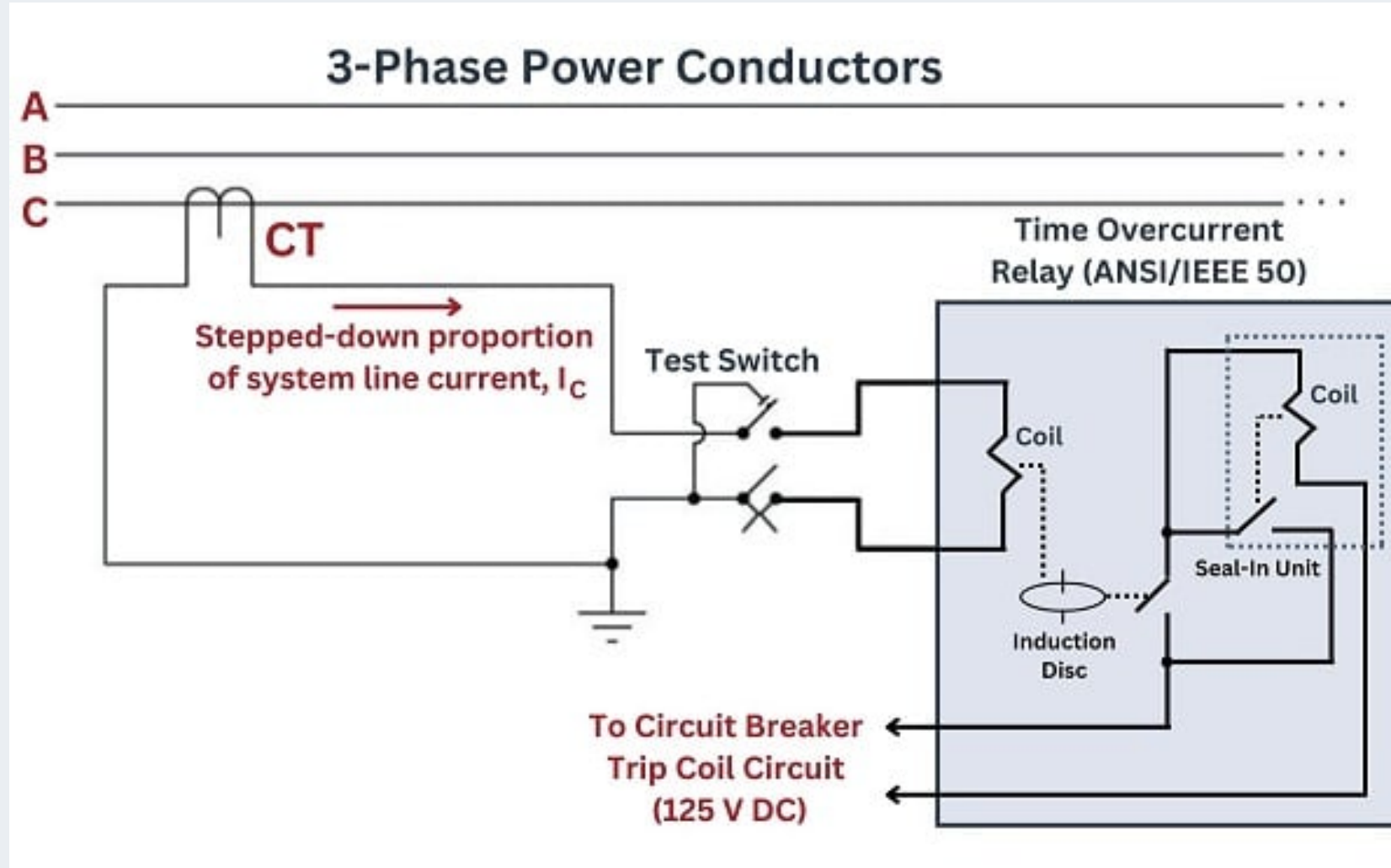


Protection Coordination Issues

- Mis-coordination risks
- Short tripping times during transients
- Over-sensitivity of relay settings

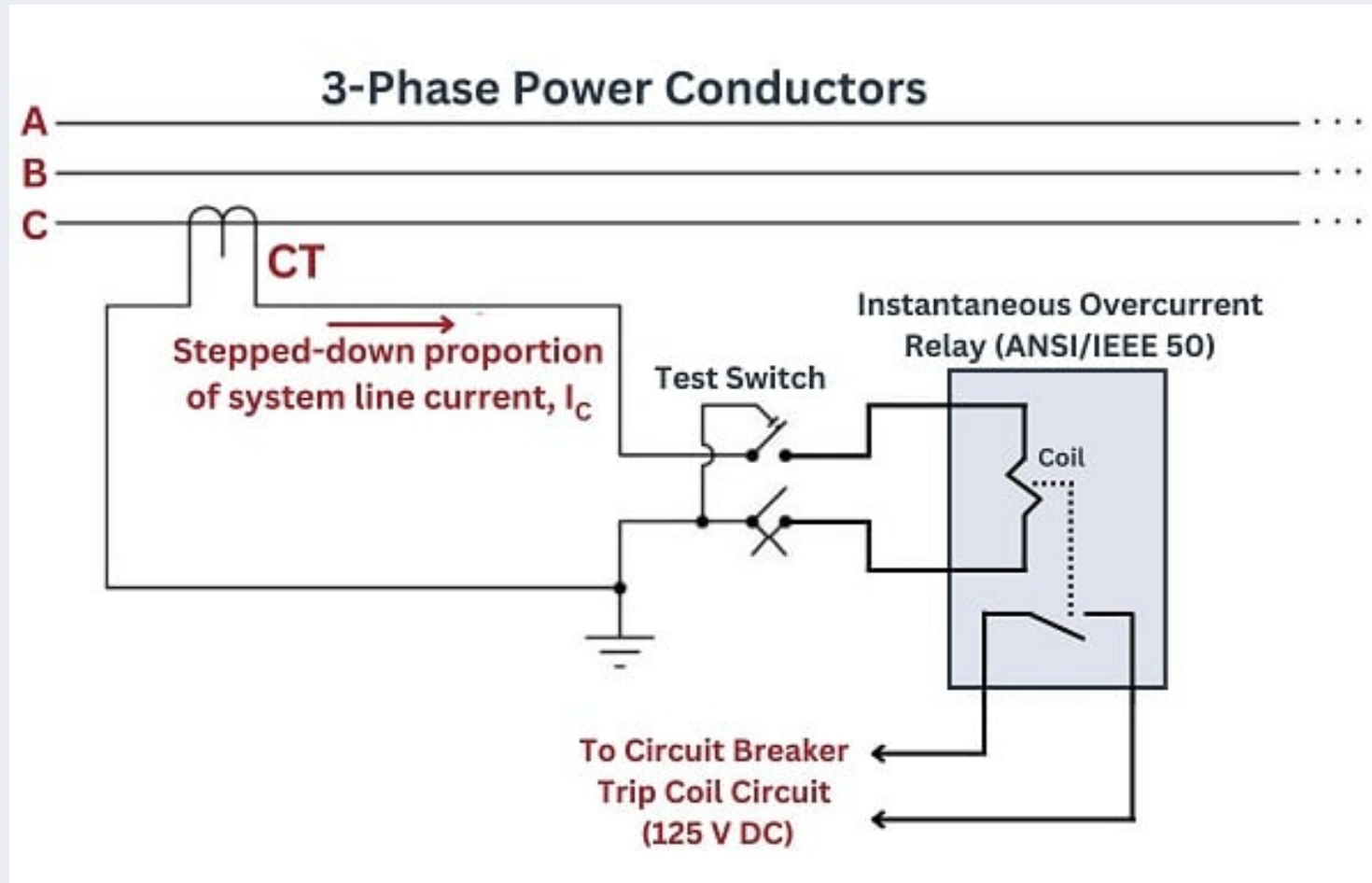


Overcurrent Protection – 50 / 51



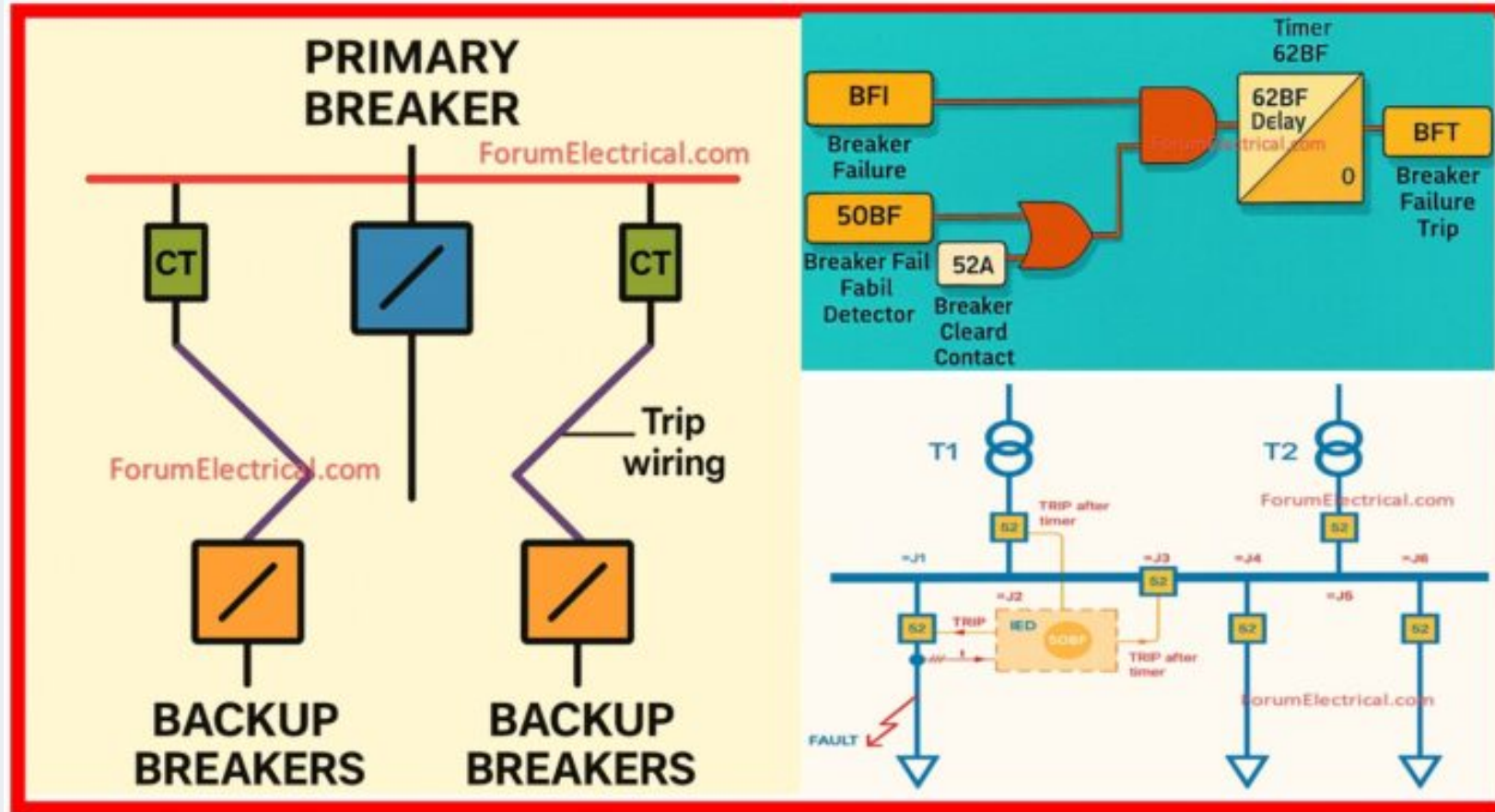
Instantaneous and inverse-time overcurrent elements may not operate for short-duration or distorted currents.

Earth Fault Protection – 50N / 51N



Residual current-based earth fault elements can miss high-impedance or transient faults.

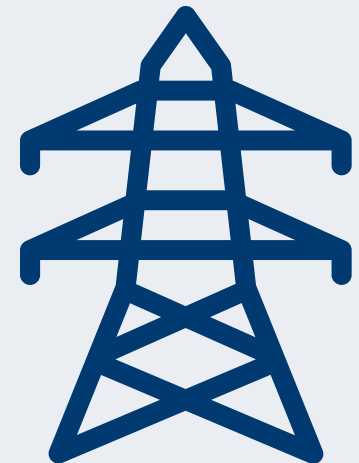
Breaker Failure Protection Logic



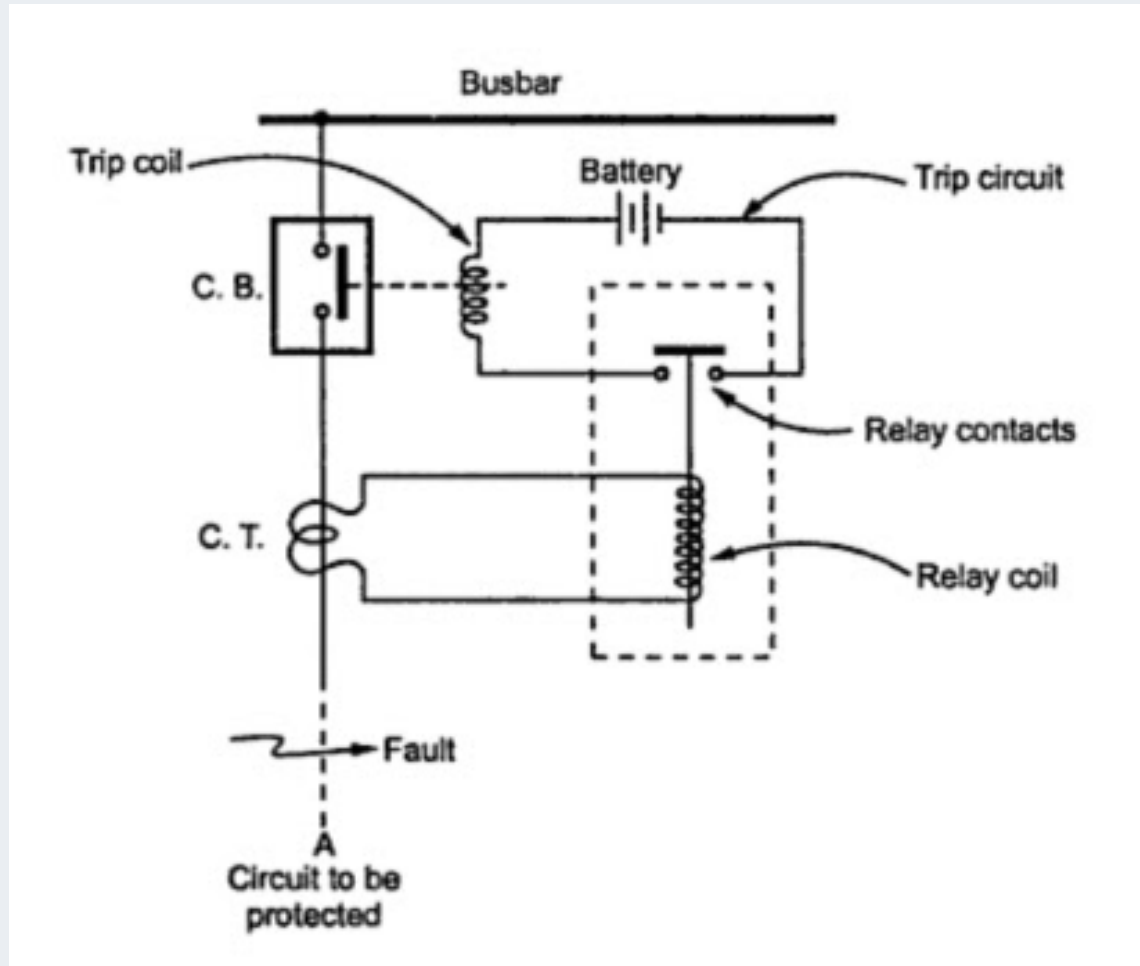
If the current does not decay after a trip command, breaker failure logic initiates backup tripping.

Role of DC Control Systems

- Protection depends on DC integrity
- DC faults cause false trips
- Often overlooked in investigations



DC Trip Circuit – Simplified Schematic



Unintended leakage or wiring faults can energise the trip coil without any primary fault.

Environmental Influences

- Moisture ingress
- Temperature extremes
- Dust and contamination



Human Factors

- Maintenance-induced latent faults
- Incorrect settings updates
- Temporary test links left installed



Event Records vs Reality

- No record ≠ no event
- Resolution and triggering matter
- Logs require interpretation

History Alarms (232 Alarms)

Drag a column header here to group by that column

*	Ack...	Unit N...	Seve...	Ve...	Alarm Text	Alarm Time	Group Name	As...	C..	Controller ...	P..	S..	Color
H	✓	☐	▲	444	Exceeded threshold values	24.04.2017 17:13:15 (UTC+3)	Turbine			VMP Unit 01	...	5...	█
H	✓	☐	▲	444	Exceeded threshold values	24.04.2017 17:13:29 (UTC+3)	Turbine			VMP Unit 01	...	5...	█
H	✓	☐	▲	444	Exceeded threshold values	24.04.2017 17:16:09 (UTC+3)	Turbine			VMP Unit 01	...	5...	█
N	✓	☐	▲	444	Exceeded threshold values	24.04.2017 17:18:51 (UTC+3)	Turbine			VMP Unit 01	...	5...	█
H	✓	☐	▲	444	Exceeded threshold values	24.04.2017 17:19:13 (UTC+3)	Turbine			VMP Unit 01	...	5...	█
H	✓	☐	▲	444	Exceeded threshold values	24.04.2017 17:20:12 (UTC+3)	Turbine			VMP Unit 01	...	5...	█
H	✓	☐	▲	444	Exceeded threshold values	24.04.2017 17:20:35 (UTC+3)	Turbine			VMP Unit 01	...	5...	█
H	✓	☐	▲	444	Exceeded threshold values	24.04.2017 17:20:56 (UTC+3)	Turbine			VMP Unit 01	...	5...	█

<Filter is Empty> Customize...

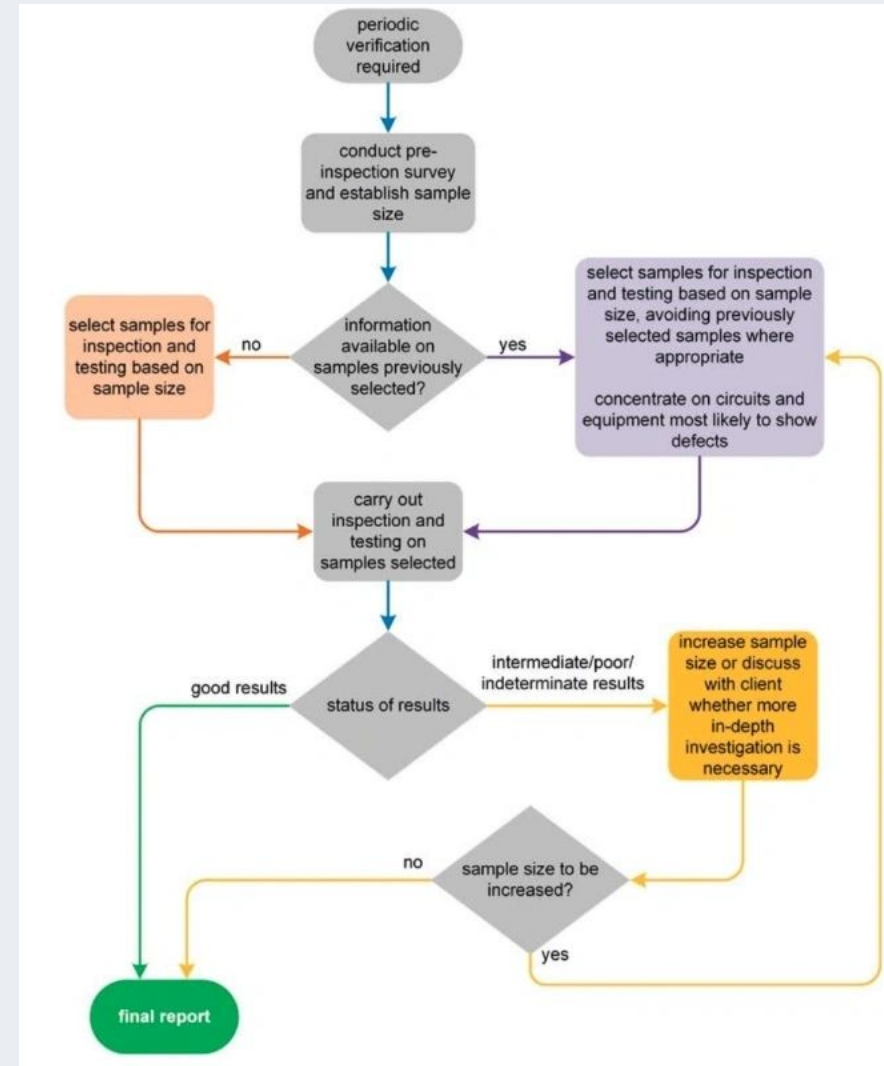
Filter

- New Entries
- Active Entries
- Acknowledg...
- Assigned to ...
- Alarms
- Unit Notes

Reset Filter

Structured Investigation Approach

- Preserve evidence
- Review settings and logic
- Inspect primary equipment
- Test DC and auxiliary circuits



Asking the Right Questions

- What changed recently?
- Was weather involved?
- Did anything almost fail?



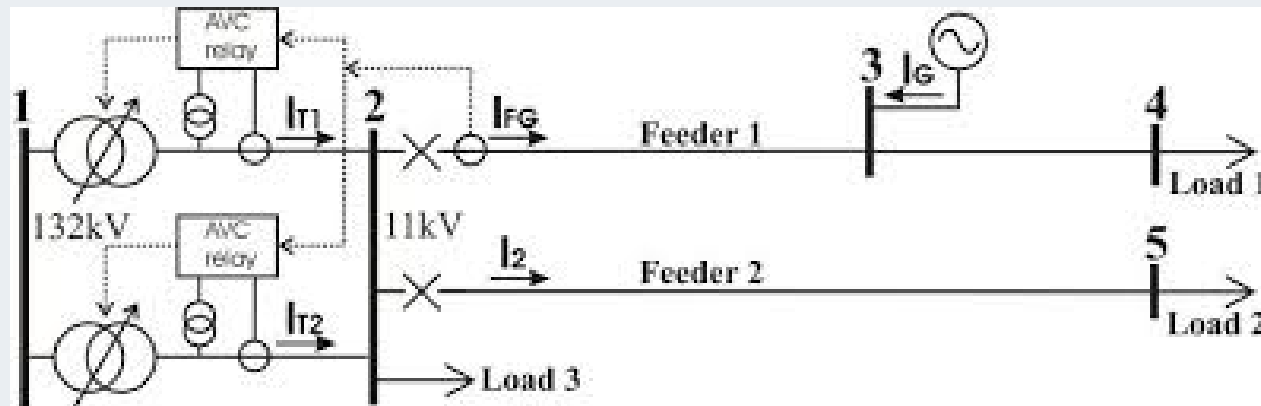
Case Resolution

- Moisture in marshalling kiosk
- DC trip circuit leakage
- Momentary unintended trip



Why No Fault Was Recorded

- No primary fault current
- Relay never asserted
- Trip initiated in control circuit



What Students Usually Miss

- DC systems importance
- Environmental effects
- Human–machine interfaces



How This Appears in Practice

- Nuisance trips
- Loss of customer confidence
- Regulatory scrutiny



Engineering Judgment Under Uncertainty

- Decisions without complete data
- Balancing risk and cost
- Knowing when to escalate



Discussion Questions

- Would you reclose immediately?
- What evidence would you demand?
- When is replacement justified?



Key Takeaways

- Not all trips are electrical faults
- Protection has blind spots
- Good engineers are good detectives



Deepening the Investigation

- Load variations influencing sensitivity
- Local weather impact
- Soil and environmental conditions



Root Cause Revealed

- Arc-over due to vegetation during wind
- Transient and self-clearing nature
- Protection activated before clearing



Missed Factors

- No transient monitoring devices in place
- Assumptions about permanent faults
- Inadequate vegetation clearance planning



Professional Insight

- Importance of SCADA data review
- Use of high-speed fault recorders
- Routine environmental risk assessments



Design and Protection Checklist

- Review relay coordination
- Include transient scenarios
- Vegetation and environmental inspections



Regulatory Implications



- AS/NZS 3000 requirements
- IEC transient protection standards

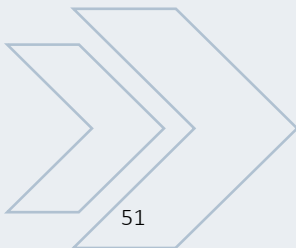
Lessons for Professional Engineers

- Transient faults can cause breaker trips without permanent faults
- Data analysis is crucial
- Coordination saves operational costs
- Think beyond fault currents
- Respect auxiliary systems
- Investigate systematically



Conclusion

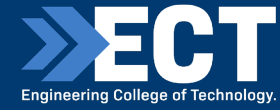
- Understanding transient phenomena prevents misdiagnosis
- Proactive engineering reduces downtime
- “Absence of evidence is not evidence of absence.”



Q&A



- Questions and discussions
- Real-world insights welcome



Thank You!

Upcoming Courses



Please note: courses listed below are subject to their own regulatory requirements—refer to the relevant website for further information.

Engineering Institute of Technology (EIT) <i>Australian Accredited Qualifications & Short Courses</i>	Start Date
Online - Master of Engineering (Mechanical)	5 January 2026
52884WA Advanced Diploma of Mechanical Engineering Technology	13 January 2026
Professional Certificate of Competency in Mechanical Engineering	20 January 2026
Online - Bachelor of Science (Mechanical Engineering)	9 February 2026
52932WA Advanced Diploma of Plant Engineering	3 March 2026
Professional Certificate of Competency in the Fundamentals of Process Plant Layout & Piping Design	10 March 2026
Professional Certificate of Competency in Onshore and Offshore Pipeline Systems	8 September 2026

Upcoming Courses



Please note: courses listed below are offered by separate institutions in the UK and South Africa, each subject to their own regulatory requirements - refer to the relevant website for location-specific details.

Engineering College of Technology (ECT) <i>UK qualifications</i>	Start Date
Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Industrial Automation	16 February 2026
Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering	16 February 2026
Master of Science (Power System Analysis and Renewable Integration)	9 February 2026
Master of Science (Industrial Automation and Instrumentation Control)	9 February 2026

Engineering College of Science and Technology (ECST) <i>South African accredited qualification & ECSA-endorsed</i>	Start Date
Bachelor of Engineering Technology in Electrical Engineering	24 February 2026

Enter EIT's Photo Challenge

Showcase engineering from anywhere in the world, one photo, one moment.

Closes: 31 March 2026 (5pm AWST)

How to Enter

- Capture an engineering-related photo
- Post on Instagram, LinkedIn, Facebook or TikTok
- Use **#EITPhotoChallenge2026** and tag EIT

Prizes

- 1st: US\$1,000
- 2nd: US\$750
- 3rd: US\$500
- 5 × US\$100 prizes

Global competition | Winners selected by EIT | Terms and Conditions apply.

Learn more: <https://www.eit.edu.au/eit-photo-challenge/>



EIT
Engineering Institute of Technology.

EIT's Photo Challenge is Back!

Top prize
US\$1000

Competition is open from 16th of December 2025 to 31st of March 2026

Submit your photo now to be in with a chance to win

EIT CRICOS Provider Number: 03567C | EIT Institute of Higher Education: PRV14008 | EIT RTO Provider Number: 51971

Certificate of Attendance

To receive your digital certificate of attendance for participating in this webinar, please fill out the form and survey here (or scan the QR Code):

<https://forms.office.com/r/ATAuVCnaix>



Q&A





Contact Us:



Website

www.eit.edu.au



Head Office

6 & 8 Thelma Street, West Perth,
Perth, WA 6005



Phone

Inside Australia: 1300 138 522
Outside Australia: +61 8 9321 1702



Email

webinars@eit.edu.au



Courses

<https://www.eit.edu.au/schedule/>



Website

www.ect.ac.uk



Head Office

Whittle Way, Stevenage SG1 2FS,
United Kingdom



Phone

Inside UK: 0208 335 4014
Outside UK: +44 208 335 401



Programmes

<https://www.ect.ac.uk/programmes/>



Website

www.ecst.ac.za



Head Office

Unit 3, Elevation Gardens,
Elevation Close, Water fall
Office Park, Midrand, 1686



Phone

Within South Africa: 010 823 4497
Outside South Africa: +27 11 823 4497



Programmes

[www.ecst.ac.za/course-
types/bachelor-of-engineering/](http://www.ecst.ac.za/course-types/bachelor-of-engineering/)